Year: 9
Geography

**Curriculum Intent:** Taking our three strands of geography: geomorphic, human and synoptic processes, and by building on the prior Key Stage 3 knowledge we extend students understanding of the process that create our unique processes. Operating within ecosystems from the local to the global scale with a particular emphasis on tropical rainforests and hot desert. We aspire to create a sense of awe and wonder, and a sense of place. For example, examining how humans are modifying and managing these changing areas. Within the human geography strands we are helping students to investigate urban issues and challenges both within our country and beyond, as well as how our use of resources varies around the world, time and space. We also cover synoptic elements helping students understand how our modern world impacts on the planet we live on through investigating global issues such as sustainability and climate change.



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Unit title:	Term 1 1Ai) UK Physical Geography 1Aii) Resource management 1B Weather Hazards		T 2A Clim	Term 2  2A Climate change 2B The Living world		Term 3  3A Urban issues and challenges 3B Revision and End of Year test	
Topic Titles (in order of delivery)	1Ai UK Physical Geography 1. UK Physical Landscape 2. UK Uplands 3. UK Lowlands 4. UK Climate 5. UK Maps 6. Assessment  1Aii Resource Management 1. Importance of resources 2. Global resource inequality	1B Weather Hazards  1. 1.Global atmospheric circulation 2. Pressure and winds 2. Tropical storms 3. Extreme weather in the UK 4. Somerset Levels	1. Evidence climate change 2. Causes of climate change 3. Effects of climate change 4. Mitigation 5. Adaptation 6. Revision 7. Assessment	2B The Living World  1. Ecosystems 2. Rainforests 3. Deforestation 4. Sustainable management 5. Hot Desert 6. Desertification 7. Revision 8. Assessment 9. Review of assessment	3A Urban issues and Challenges  1. Urban change 2. Patterns of and reasons for urbanisation 3. Megacities 4. Rio de Janeiro - NEE case study 5. Favelas 6. Urban world - UK 7. London HIC	3B Fieldwork  Fieldwork techniques in preparation of a fieldwork trip on sustainable transport in Milton Keynes.  Preparation for end of year exams.  End of year	
	<ul><li>3. Resources in the UK: Food</li><li>4. UK water</li><li>5. Energy</li><li>6.Energy security and conflict</li><li>7 Fracking</li></ul>	<ul><li>5. Extreme weather in the UK</li><li>6. Revision</li><li>7. Assessment</li><li>8. Review of assessment</li></ul>	8. Assessment feedback		case study 8. Sustainable urban living. 9. Revision 10. Assessment 11. Review of assessment	exams	

	8 Increasing energy supply with renewables 9 Energy conservation 10 Local renewable scheme – Micro hydro -Nepal 11 Assessment					
	1Ai UK Physical	1B Weather Hazards	2A Climate Change	2B The Living World	3A Urban issues and	
	<b>Geography</b> Diversity of UK	Global atmospheric	Climate change is	Ecosystems exist at a	challenges	
	physical landscapes	circulation helps to	the result of natural	range of scales and	A growing percentage	
	including river	determine patterns	and human factors,	involve the interaction	of the world's	
	systems & Tees-Exe	of weather and	and has a range of	between biotic and	population lives in	
	Line	climate.	effects.	abiotic components.	urban areas.	
	Features of UK					
	Uplands	Tropical storms	Managing climate		Urban growth creates	
	Features of UK	develop as a result of	change involves both	Tropical rainforests	opportunities and	
	Lowlands	particular physical conditions.	mitigation (reducing	ecosystems have a range of distinctive	challenges for cities in LICs and NEEs	
Key knowledge /	Igneous, metamorphic and	conditions.	the causes) and adaptation	characteristics.	LICS and INEES	
Retrieval topics	sedimentary rock	Tropical storms have	(responding to	characteristics.		
Retrieval topics	Photographs: aerial,	significant effects on	change).		Urban change in cities	
	oblique and satellite	people and the	0-7	Deforestation has	in the UK leads to a	
	Climate vs Weather	environment.		economic and	variety of social,	
	Air masses			environmental impacts.	economic and	
	Maps: thematic,				environmental	
	Miller projection, OS	The UK is affected by		Tropical rainforests need	opportunities and	
	maps, choropleth,	a number of weather		to be managed to be	challenges.	
	topographical, &	hazards.		sustainable.		
	climatic.	Evtromo weether		Hat desert assesses	Lirban austainahilitus	
	1Aii Resource	Extreme weather events in the UK		Hot desert ecosystems have a range of	Urban sustainability requires management	
	Management	events in the OK		distinctive characteristics	requires management	
	IAIGHARCHIE			distillctive characteristics		

	Food, water and	have impacts on			of resources and
	energy are	human activity.		Development of hot	transport.
	fundamental to	,		desert environments	'
	human			creates opportunities	
	development.			and challenges	
	The changing				
	demand and			Areas on the fringe of	
	provision of			hot deserts are at risk of	
	resources in the UK			desertification	
	create opportunities				
	and challenges.				
	1Ai.	1B Weather	2A Climate Change	2B The Living World	3A Urban issues and
	1. Overview of the	Hazards			challenges
	location of major		How climate change	Example of a small scale	
	upland/lowland	General atmospheric	might affect the	UK ecosystem to	The global pattern of
	areas and river	circulation model:	distribution,	illustrate the concept of	urban change
	systems	pressure belts and	frequency and	interrelationships within	
	2. UK upland areas	surface winds.	intensity of tropical	the natural systems.	Urban trends in in
	3. UK lowlands		storms.		different parts of the
	4. UK climate			The balance between	world.
I look a veta vetice of	5. UK Map skills	Global distribution of		components - the	Factors affecting the
Understanding /		tropical storms.	Primary and	impact on the ecosystem	rate of urbanisation
Sequence of delivery			secondary effects of	if one component is	
	1Aii Resource	An understanding of	tropical storms	changed.	The emergence of
	management	the relationship	_		megacities.
	1. The significance	between tropical	Long term and	An overview of the	
	of food, water and	storms and general	immediate	distribution and	
	energy	atmospheric	responses to tropical	characteristics of large	Case study of a major
	2. Global	circulation.	storms.	scale natural global	city in an LIC or NEE
	inequalities on	6	Named example of a	ecosystems.	Overview of the
	economic and social	Causes of tropical	tropical storm.		distribution of
	well-being.	storms and the	Monitoring,	The physical	population and the
	3. Food – demand,	sequence of their	prediction,	characteristics of a	major cities in the UK
	supply, organic and	formation and	protection and	tropical rainforest.	A sees study of a
	agribusiness	development.	planning reduces the	The intendence done f	A case study of a
	4. Carbon footprints		effects.	The interdependence of	major city in the UK
				climate, water, soils,	

5. Water – demand,	The structure and	An overview of the	plants, animals and	An example of an
supply, transfer	features of a tropical	types of weather	people.	urban regeneration
schemes	storm.	hazards in the UK.		project to show:
6. Energy surplus			Adaptations of plants	Reasons why the area
(security) and deficit	How climate change	Example of a recent	and animals.	needed regeneration.
(insecurity)	might affect the	weather hazard in		The main features of
7. Global	distribution,	the UK to illustrate:	Issues related to	the project.
distribution of	frequency and	Causes, impacts and	biodiversity.	
energy consumption	intensity of tropical	how management		Features of a
and supply.	storms.	strategies can	Changing rates of	sustainable urban
8. Factors affecting		reduce risk.	deforestation	living:
energy supply:		Evidence that	A case study of a tropical	Water and energy
physical factors,	Primary and	weather is becoming	rainforest to illustrate:	conservation
production,	secondary effects of	more extreme.	Causes of deforestation,	Waste recycling
technology and	tropical storms		impacts of deforestation	Creating green space
political factors.		Evidence for climate		
9. Impacts of energy	Long term and	change from the	Value of tropical	How urban transport
insecurity –	immediate	beginning of the	rainforests to people and	strategies are used to
exploration of	responses to tropical	Quarternary period	the environment.	reduce traffic
difficult and	storms.	to present times.		congestion.
environmentally	Named example of a		Strategies used to	
sensitive areas,	tropical storm.	Possible causes of	manage the rainforest	
economic and	Monitoring,	climate change.	sustainably.	
environmental	prediction,			
costs, food	protection and	Natural factors	The physical	
production,	planning reduces the		characteristics of a hot	
industrial output,	effects.	Human factors	desert.	
potential for conflict				
		Overview of the	The interdependence of	
Renewable sources	An overview of the	effects of climate	climate, water, soils,	
of energy	types of weather	change on people of	plants, animals and	
Fracking in the UK	hazards in the UK.	the environment.	people.	
Energy conservation				
in housing	Example of a recent	Managing climate	How plants and animals	
Case Study:	weather hazard in	change.	adapt to the physical	
renewable energy	the UK to illustrate:		conditions.	
scheme	Causes, impacts and	Mitigation	Issues related to	
	how management	Adaptation	biodiversity.	
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strategies can reduce	
risk.	Case study of a hot
Evidence that	desert to illustrate the
weather is becoming	opportunities and
more extreme.	challenges faced in a hot
	desert.
Evidence for climate	
change from the	Causes of desertification.
beginning of the	Strategies to reduce the
Quarternary period	risk of desertification.
to present times.	
Possible causes of	
climate change.	
Natural factors	
Human factors	
Overview of the	
effects of climate	
change on people of	
the environment.	
Managing climate	
change.	
Mitigation	
Adaptation	